

**STATE ELECTIONS.**  
We have waited to the last moment to make up our report of the State Elections that have occurred in this month, and present the following as the result of the very latest intelligence that has reached our office:—

**PENNSYLVANIA.**  
In this State the election was held on the 10th instant, for Governor, Canal Commissioner, members of Congress, and State Legislature. As to the Governor, the result is still in doubt, and we presume nothing short of the official returns will determine whether Longstreth, the Democratic candidate, or Johnson, the Federal candidate, is elected. With regard to the Governor's election, we copy the following telegraphic despatches to the Baltimore Sun of Wednesday morning, being the latest accounts received. Which of them is correct, we will not undertake to say. From all the lights before us, we think the Pennsylvania's statement is nearest the actual result:

**PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17—P. M.**  
The Pennsylvania has just issued an extra, containing reported official returns from the whole State, showing Johnson, the whig candidate, to have a majority of eleven votes over Longstreth. Johnson is believed to be elected, but by less than 100 majority.

**JOHNSON ELECTED GOVERNOR.**  
**HARRISBURG, Oct. 17—P. M.**  
We have received returns from all the counties in the State, more than two-thirds of which are official, and Johnson's majority over Longstreth is over 500 votes.

It may be asked, how comes it that in an undoubted Democratic State we are run so close? We think we can solve this mystery. Johnson, the Federal candidate, came out and planted himself on the "Free Soil Platform," and as the Free Soilers had no candidate for Governor of their own, every man of them voted for the Federal candidate. The thing will be different in November. The Free Soilers will vote their own ticket, and take from the Federalists thousands of votes that were cast for Johnson. These are facts; and to show that it is so, Painter, the Democratic candidate for Canal Commissioner, is elected by upwards of 2,000 majority. We have lost one member of Congress, from present appearances, and the Legislature will be Whig on joint ballot. From the causes above stated, the result in Pennsylvania we do not regard as any test whatever of the strength of Taylor in that State. We feel as certain as we ever did, that the old Keystone will cast her vote for Cass and Butler in November next. We will stake our reputation on this prediction.

**OHIO.**  
The result in this great Western State is truly glorious for Democracy. There was no Democrat who entertained a hope that he could succeed in electing Col. Weller, the gallant Democratic candidate for Governor, for the reason that Ford, the Whig candidate, was an out-and-out Free Soiler, and was run by that party as their candidate. Indeed, it was calculated by Democrats that if Ford was not elected by over 15,000 or 20,000 majority, the State was safe for Cass, for the reason that the Van Buren and Adams ticket would in November take at least 20,000 or 25,000 that Ford received. Now mark the actual result. The official vote will be required to determine whether the gallant Weller or Ford is Governor of Ohio. From the very latest despatches received, it would appear that Weller (Dem.) is elected by a small majority. We give from the Baltimore Sun of Wednesday, the very latest despatch:

**OHIO Election—Weller said to be Elected.**  
**WHEELING, Oct. 17—P. M.**  
The Democrats here now positively assert that Weller has undoubtedly been elected Governor of Ohio.

We have gained two members of Congress, and, according to the latest accounts, the State Senate is tied, and the Fells have a majority of 4 in the lower House. Set down the Buckeye State as certain for Cass and Butler, by a handsome majority.

**GEORGIA.**  
In this State the election was for members of Congress only. The result is that there are 4 Democrats and 4 Federalists elected; the same as in the present Congress. The footing up of the popular vote, shows that the Democrats have a majority of some five or six hundred. This is not test of the majority which the State will give for Cass and Butler in November. Her gallant Democracy will then give the Democratic ticket at least 1500 or 2,000 majority.

**SOUTH CAROLINA.**  
This State elected members of Congress and State Legislature. Somehow we cannot ascertain from the Charleston papers who are the members of Congress elected. The Legislature elect is well ascertained to be for Cass and Butler, although the Charleston delegation is almost unanimously Taylor men.

**S. CAROLINA.**—Since making up our State Election, we have received the Charleston Courier of Wednesday, in which we find the following. It is well understood that the only Taylor man out of the seven members of Congress elect, is Isaac E. Holmes, of the Charleston district:

The following gentlemen have been returned from the respective districts in South Carolina for the Congress of the United States:—  
District 1.—Col. J. L. Orr.  
2.—Joseph A. Woodward.  
3.—John M. Queen.  
4.—Armistead Burt.  
5.—Isaac E. Holmes.  
6.—W. F. Colcock.

**FLORIDA.**  
If the newspaper accounts be correct, this State has gone for the Whigs. The whole State has not yet been heard from. From the returns that have been received, it would appear that Brown, whig, is elected Governor by some hundreds of votes, & Cabell, whig, is elected to Congress by about 500 majority. The Legislature also is said to be Whig. If this be the case, we will lose a United States Senator, as Mr. Weston's term expires on the 4th of March, 1849. Of the causes which have led to this defeat of the Democracy we will not, but suppose that the unfortunate course which her Senators thought proper to pursue in the 29th Congress, had something to do with the matter. The last Tallahassee Florida says that the Democrats will carry the State on the 7th of November. We hope so.

**GEN. TAYLOR'S EIGHT FACES.**—The Nashville Union declares that "there can be shown in Gen. Taylor, one of these lives contains the very important suppression. In many other important particulars the lives vary.

**FOREIGN.**  
The steamer *Britannia* arrived at N. York on Tuesday forenoon, bringing seven days later intelligence, having sailed from Liverpool on the 30th ultimo. Her intelligence is not of much interest. There was a slight decline in Cotton.

The political intelligence is not of much importance, with the exception of the statement that the Government of France would propose the first election of President of the Republic by the National Assembly. This looks bad.

There had been no further disturbances in Ireland since the sailing of the *Cambria*. We give below from the telegraphic despatches of the *Baltimore Sun* of Wednesday, the commercial intelligence:

**Liverpool Market, Sept. 30.**—Cotton.—Fair and better qualities of cotton have declined  $\frac{1}{4}$ . Middling is unchanged.  
**Lard.**—At the commencement of the week lard opened dull, but has recovered, and the market yesterday closed at full prices.  
**Bacon.**—Bacon is selling at 13s per cwt.  $\frac{1}{2}$ .  
**Rice.**—Tar has advanced 3s per bbl. Turpentine is very firm.  
**Breadstuffs.**—Sales of flour are making at 32s a 35c per bbl.; Indian meal 17s to 18s per bbl.; wheat, red, at 88 4d; white 88 4d to 88 8d; corn 34s to 37s.

**For the Journal.**  
**MR. EDITOR.**—Agreeable to your request, I send you down a short account of the Whig doings at Warsaw. The audience was large and respectable. Many calculated that there were upwards of 200—some estimated the gathering at 250. Mr. Badger led off in an hour's speech, two-thirds of which was consumed in setting himself right as regards his vote on the Compromise bill. He made a long legal argument, which but a few of us understood, and many cared less about. Every reason and argument he offered in extenuation of himself, was a deadly homethrust in the bosom of his Federal colleague, Mangum. Which of the two is the best authority? The Feds themselves must determine. Messrs. Badger and Mangum voted differently on this subject. Mr. Badger offered us no good evidence that this conduct, as well as that of the other Southern Federalists, seven in number, was not the result of a midnight caucus of the Federal party—that it was not a part and parcel of a party design to keep up the slavery excitement until after the Presidential election. Mr. Badger and his seven colleagues knew full well that if this highly exciting question was settled before that event, that Gen. Taylor would have little or no opportunity to make capital by the exhibition of his Northern face. Peace and quiet on that subject, would have proven an instantaneous death knell to Taylorism, Abolitionism, and all other isms.

Did this party ever count the cost of any trick or device that was necessary to ensure their success. The experience of 1840 should have taught them how evanescent and short-lived all success is that is gained by fraud and trickery.

After Mr. Badger had finished his constitutional argument, he commenced a most vindictive attack on the character of Gen. Cass. His principal charge was that Gen. Cass had approved of a law passed by the legislative council of the Michigan Territory, selling vagabonds and vagrants as servants. He must have forgot where he was, and to whom he was speaking, or he never would have found fault with Cass for the doing of that which he could not help doing. Gen. Cass, by Mr. Badger's own showing, was merely Governor of the Territory, and was not entrusted with the veto power. He had no right to gainsay or undo what the Council did. Who, in his senses, would blame and condemn Graham, the Governor of North Carolina, for the improper conduct of the Legislature. The ordinance of 1787, which was passed for the government of all of this Territory, entrusted the Congress of the United States, and not the Governor, with the veto power, over the action of the Council.

Mr. Badger wound up with a high eulogium upon the life and character of Old Zack. After he had concluded, Mr. Davis, the little spire of your city, took the stump. If he had breakfasted on fire coals, he could not have been hotter. He was in a perfect fury. Polk stood no more chance with him than a short-tail bull in fly season. He poured forth a volume of abusive lava on Polk and Democracy. But all this will not do. I can assure you, Mr. Fulton, the Democracy of the two Counties of Sampson and Duplin had not the shadow of a reason offered to them by either of these imported orators, to make them quit the support of that cause which they have always professed to hold so dear. There is one subject which Mr. Davis and Mr. Badger most studiously avoided, and that was the character of Fillmore. His name was not mentioned by either of them. Some unconvincing Democrats begged of them to say something about Fillmore, but they heeded not. I am very much in the notion that they intend dropping his name off their tickets, or if they will not do that, they will privately pledge themselves to vote against him in the Electoral College. I know a good many Whigs who will not vote any ticket with his name on it. You may rely on it, Sampson and Duplin will both do their full duty in November.

**A LOOKER ON.**

**To the Democratic Voters**  
**New Hanover County:**  
We are on the eve of a political contest.—The struggle is one which will determine the destiny of our country for four years; and in the event of the triumph of Federalism, its blighting influence may be felt for an indefinite period. I look upon this as the expiring effort of Whiggery. Defeated in every Presidential Election, where their principles were fairly brought before the people, they have resolved, like the desperate gamester, to hazard everything upon the cast of a single die; and having abandoned everything like principle, are making the boldest effort that was ever attempted to humbug the American people. If you have been attentive observers of the present campaign, you are as well aware of this as I am, and it is useless now to recapitulate arguments that have been used to expose the present position of the Federal party. I conjure you by your love of liberty—by your patriotism—by everything that you hold dear on earth—if you wish to transmit to posterity the blessings and privileges that you now enjoy, to go to the polls and cast your votes for Cass and Butler, on the 7th of November, let the ballot box proclaim to the world the final overthrow of Federal Whiggery.

**MILLARD FILLMORE'S PLATFORM.**  
We mean to keep the following abolition Platform of the Federal candidate for the Vice Presidency, standing until after the election. The Whig papers will not publish it. They dare not let their readers see Millard Fillmore as he is. We shall endeavor to open their eyes.

**The Platform of the Whig Candidate for the Vice Presidency.**  
**BUFFALO, Oct. 17, 1838.**  
SIR: Your communication, appointed by "The Anti-Slavery Society of the County of Erie," has just come to hand. You solicit my answer to the following interrogatories:—  
1st. Do you believe that petitions to Congress on the subject of slavery and the slave trade ought to be received, read, and respectfully considered by the representatives of the people?  
2d. Are you opposed to the annexation of Texas to this Union, under any circumstances, so long as slaves are held therein?  
3d. Are you in favor of Congress exercising all the Constitutional power it possesses to abolish the internal slave trade between the States?  
4th. Are you in favor of the immediate legislation for the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia?  
I am much engaged and have no time to enter into argument, or to explain at length my reasons for my opinion. I shall therefore content myself, for the present, by answering ALL your interrogatories in the AFFIRMATIVE, and leave for some future occasion a more extended discussion on the subject.

**Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.** in addition to being one of the best anti-bilious medicines in the world, possess a power in removing pain, which is truly astonishing. Four or five of said Indian Vegetable Pills, every night on going to bed, will in a short time completely rid the body of those morbid humors which, if lodged in the liver, are the cause of pain in the side, sometimes extending to the shoulder, difficulty of breathing, nausea and sickness, loss of appetite, costiveness, flatulency, swarthy or yellow complexion, and other symptoms of an inflamed or torpid state of the liver.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills also thoroughly cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious humors, and of impurity, and therefore are a certain cure for colic, dysentery, cholera morbus and other disorders of the intestines. Beware of Counterfeits of all kinds! Some are coated with sugar; others are made to resemble in outward appearance the original medicine. The safest course is, to purchase of the regular agents only.

For sale in Wilmington, N. C., by George R. French, Agent, who will supply country dealers and planters at the Philadelphia prices. Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, wholesale and retail, 169 Race st., Philadelphia; 288 Greenwich st., New York, and 108 Tremont st., Boston.

**DIED.**  
In this town, on the 19th inst., about 10 o'clock, P. M. Mr. James A. King, aged about 35 years. In Wakefield, N. H., on the 19th inst., Mrs. Maria Burghwin, consort of Mr. George W. B. Burghwin, of this vicinity, and mother of the late Capt. Burghwin.

In Johnson county, Mrs. Winifred Ryals, aged 96.  
In Jones county, Mrs. Francis Newton, aged 30 years.  
In Lenoir county, Christopher Lawson, aged 84 years.  
In Newbern, Mrs. E. Gaskill, aged 61.  
In Hillsborough, Mr. John Jones, aged 43 years.

**WILMINGTON MARKET.**  
**WHOLESALE PRICES.**

Western,					14
BEANS—Per bushel—White,	90	8	8	8	8
GREEN—Per bushel.	18	20	20	20	20
BUTTER—Per pound.	20	20	20	20	20
BEANS—Per bushel.	12	50	50	50	50
Northern—Mess.	12	50	50	50	50
Do Prime,	7	100	100	100	100
But on the hoof, per cwt.,	4	50	50	50	50
CORN—Per bushel.	45	45	45	45	45
Meal.	65	65	65	65	65
COFFEE—Per pound.	7	8	8	8	8
Rio,	74	8	8	8	8
St. Domingo,	61	61	61	61	61
Leavay,	7	7	7	7	7
Cuba,	7	7	7	7	7
Jaca.	7	7	7	7	7
COTTON—Per pound.	none.	16	17	17	17
SEEDS—Tallow—per pound.	16	17	17	17	17
Sperm,	33	31	31	31	31
Aluminate,	33	31	31	31	31
FEATHERS—Per pound.	33	35	35	35	35
FLOR—Coral—Per barrel,	7	7	7	7	7
HAY—Northern—Per 100 pounds,	5	25	25	25	25
FLAX—Northern—Per 100 pounds,	4	4	4	4	4
LARD—Per pound, N. C.	11	11	11	11	11
Western,	11	11	11	11	11
LIQUOR—Per barrel.	50	50	50	50	50
LUMBER—Rice—Per N. A.	6	6	6	6	6
Flooring Boards,	4	5	5	5	5
Wide,	3	5	5	5	5
Scantling,	3	5	5	5	5
Timber, Mill,	3	5	5	5	5
Swampy Timber,	none	6	6	6	6
MOLASSES—West-Indies,	23	25	25	25	25
New Orleans,	—	—	—	—	—
MAKES—Per barrel.	10	12	12	12	12
No. 1,	7	50	50	50	50
No. 2,	7	50	50	50	50
No. 3,	7	50	50	50	50
NAILS—Per pound.	20	20	20	20	20
NAVAL STORES—Per barrel—300 pounds,	2	2	2	2	2
Virgin Dip new	1	1	1	1	1
Hard—	1	1	1	1	1
Tur,	150	150	150	150	150
Pitch,	—	1	1	1	1
Rosin—No. 1,	—	80	80	80	80
No. 2,	—	80	80	80	80
No. 3,	—	80	80	80	80
Spirits Turpentine—Per gallon,	30	12	12	12	12
Oil—Per gallon,	75	137	137	137	137
PEAS—Ground—Per bushel,	none	40	40	40	40
Black Eye,	55	65	65	65	65